Google

Netherlands April 17, 2020

Mobility changes

Google prepared this report to help you and public health officials understand responses to social distancing guidance related to COVID-19. This report shouldn't be used for medical diagnostic, prognostic, or treatment purposes. It also isn't intended to be used for guidance on personal travel plans.

Location accuracy and the understanding of categorized places varies from region to region, so we don't recommend using this data to compare changes between countries, or between regions with different characteristics (e.g. rural versus urban areas).

We'll leave a region out of the report if we don't have statistically significant levels of data. To learn how we calculate these trends and preserve privacy, read About this data.

Retail & recreation

-41%





Fri Mar 27

Fri Apr 17

Fri Mar 6

+80% +40% Baseline -40%

-80% Fri Mar 6 Fri Mar 27 Fri Apr 17 Mobility trends for places like restaurants, cafes, shopping centers, theme parks, museums, libraries, and movie theaters.

Mobility trends for places like grocery markets, food warehouses, farmers markets, specialty food shops, drug stores, and pharmacies.

Mobility trends for places like national parks, public beaches, marinas, dog parks, plazas, and public gardens.

compared to baseline

Grocery & pharmacy

-10%

compared to baseline

Parks



compared to baseline

Transit stations



compared to baseline

Workplaces



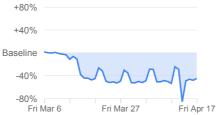
compared to baseline

Residential



compared to baseline





Fri Mar 27

+80%

+40%

-80% Fri Mar 6

Baseline -40%



Fri Apr 17

hubs such as subway, bus, and train stations.

Mobility trends for places like public transport

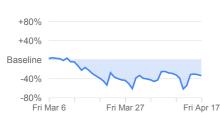
Mobility trends for places of work.

Mobility trends for places of residence.

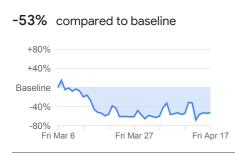
Drenthe

Retail & recreation

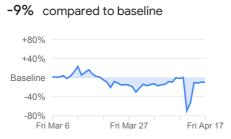
-33% compared to baseline



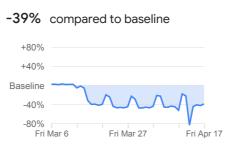
Transit stations



Grocery & pharmacy

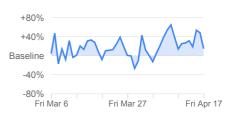


Workplace



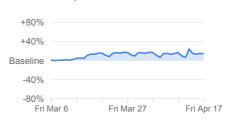
Parks

+15% compared to baseline



Residential

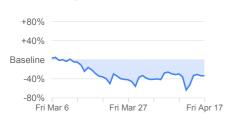
+14% compared to baseline



Flevoland

Retail & recreation



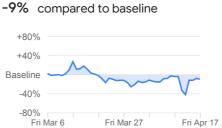


Transit stations

-58% compared to baseline



Grocery & pharmacy



+76%

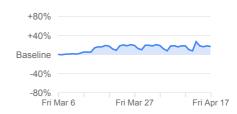
Parks



compared to baseline

Residential

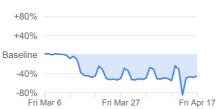
+17% compared to baseline





Workplace

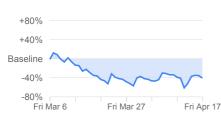




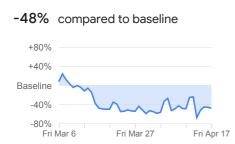
Friesland

Retail & recreation

-41% compared to baseline

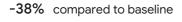


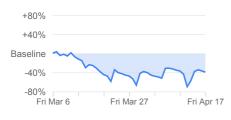
Transit stations



Gelderland

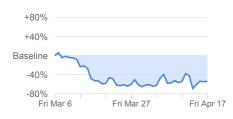
Retail & recreation



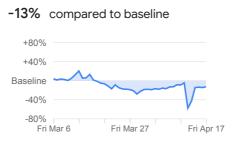


Transit stations

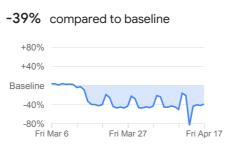
-54% compared to baseline



Grocery & pharmacy

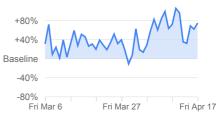


Workplace



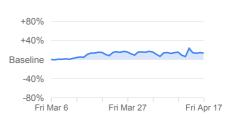
Parks

+75% compared to baseline



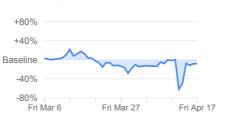
Residential

+13% compared to baseline



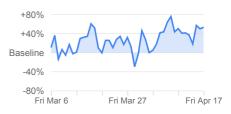
Grocery & pharmacy





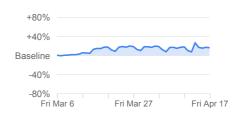
Parks

+54% compared to baseline



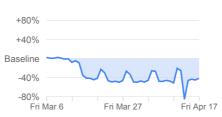
Residential

+16% compared to baseline



-42% compared to baseline

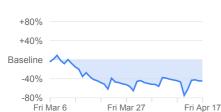
Workplace



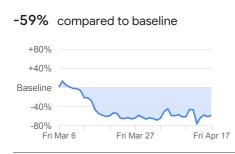
Groningen

Retail & recreation

-45% compared to baseline



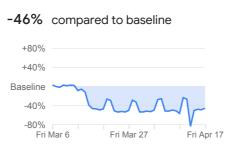
Transit stations



Grocery & pharmacy

-14% compared to baseline +80% +40% Baseline -40% -80% Fri Mar 6 Fri Mar 27 Fri Apr 17

Workplace



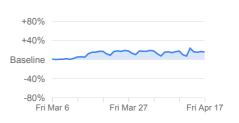
Parks

+63% compared to baseline



Residential

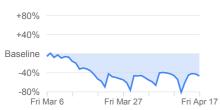
+16% compared to baseline



Limburg

Retail & recreation

-46% compared to baseline



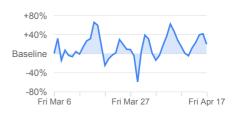
Grocery & pharmacy





Parks

+20% compared to baseline



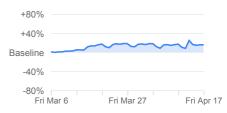
Workplace

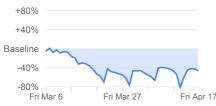
-42% compared to baseline



Residential

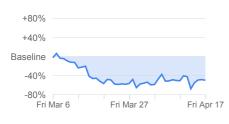
+16% compared to baseline





Transit stations

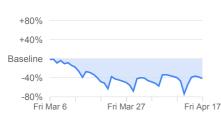
-50% compared to baseline



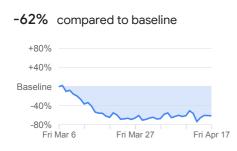
North Brabant

Retail & recreation

-42% compared to baseline



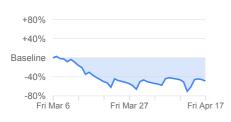
Transit stations



North Holland

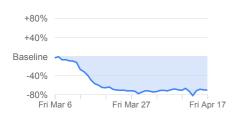
Retail & recreation



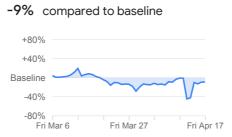


Transit stations

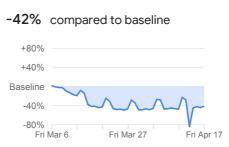
-70% compared to baseline



Grocery & pharmacy

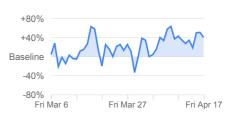


Workplace



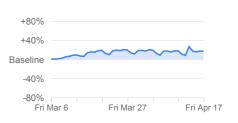
Parks

+41% compared to baseline



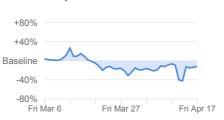
Residential

+17% compared to baseline



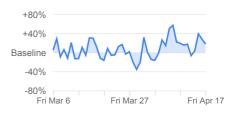
Grocery & pharmacy

-12% compared to baseline



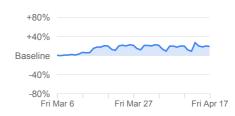
Parks

+18% compared to baseline

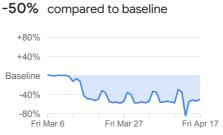


Residential

+19% compared to baseline



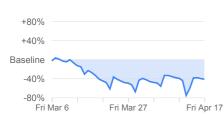
Workplace



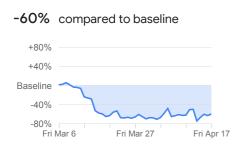
Overijssel

Retail & recreation

-41% compared to baseline



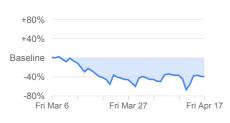
Transit stations



South Holland

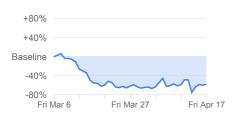
Retail & recreation





Transit stations

-59% compared to baseline



Grocery & pharmacy

Grocery & pharmacy

+80%

+40%

-40%

-80%

Workplace

+80%

+40%

-40%

-80%

Fri Mar 6

Baseline

Fri Mar 6

Baseline

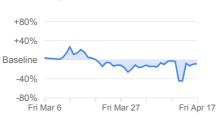
-9% compared to baseline

-42% compared to baseline

Fri Mar 27

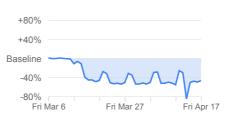
Fri Mar 27





Workplace





Parks



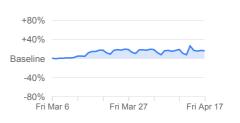


Residential

Fri Apr 17

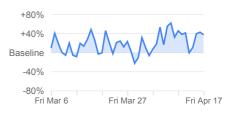
Fri Apr 17

+16% compared to baseline



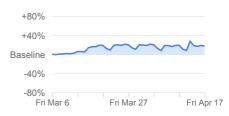
Parks

+38% compared to baseline



Residential

+18% compared to baseline



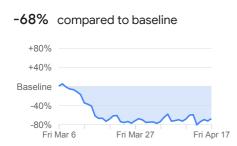
Utrecht

Retail & recreation

-43% compared to baseline



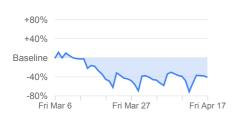
Transit stations



Zeeland

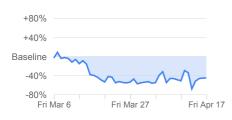
Retail & recreation





Transit stations

-45% compared to baseline



Grocery & pharmacy

Grocery & pharmacy

+80%

+40%

-40%

-80%

Workplace

+80%

+40%

-40%

-80%

Fri Mar 6

Baseline

Fri Mar 6

Baseline

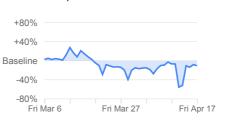
-13% compared to baseline

-51% compared to baseline

Fri Mar 27

Fri Mar 27

-10% compared to baseline



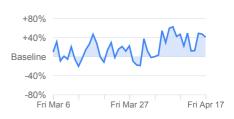
Workplace

-38% compared to baseline



Parks

+41% compared to baseline

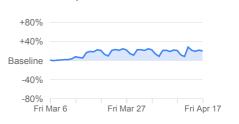


Residential

Fri Apr 17

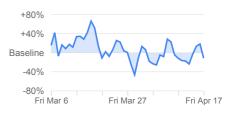
Fri Apr 17

+20% compared to baseline



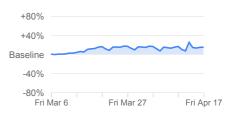
Parks

-11% compared to baseline



Residential

+15% compared to baseline



About this data

These reports show how visits and length of stay at different places change compared to a baseline. We calculate these changes using the same kind of aggregated and anonymized data used to show popular times for places in Google Maps.

Changes for each day are compared to a baseline value for that day of the week:

• The baseline is the *median* value, for the corresponding day of the week, during the 5-week period Jan 3–Feb 6, 2020.

• The reports show trends over several weeks with the most recent data representing approximately 2-3 days ago—this is how long it takes to produce the reports.

What data is included in the calculation depends on user settings, connectivity, and whether it meets our privacy threshold. If the privacy threshold isn't met (when somewhere isn't busy enough to ensure anonymity) we don't show a change for the day.

We include categories that are useful to social distancing efforts as well as access to essential services.

We calculate these insights based on data from users who have opted-in to Location History for their Google Account, so the data represents a sample of our users. As with all samples, this may or may not represent the exact behavior of a wider population.

Preserving privacy

These reports were developed to be helpful while adhering to our stringent privacy protocols and protecting people's privacy. No personally identifiable information, like an individual's location, contacts or movement, is made available at any point.

Insights in these reports are created with aggregated, anonymized sets of data from users who have turned on the Location History setting, which is off by default. People who have Location History turned on can choose to turn it off at any time from their Google Account and can always delete Location History data directly from their Timeline.

These reports are powered by the same world-class anonymization technology that we use in our products every day and that keep your activity data private and secure. These reports use differential privacy, which adds artificial noise to our datasets enabling high quality results without identifying any individual person. These privacy-preserving protections also ensure that the absolute number of visits isn't shared.

To get the latest report, visit google.com/covid19/mobility